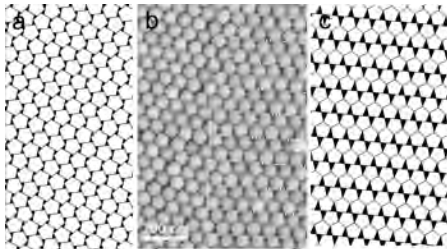


Packing pentagons: from Albrecht Dürer to molecular detection

Doru Constantin

Institut Charles Sadron, Strasbourg
constantin@unistra.fr

25 October 2023

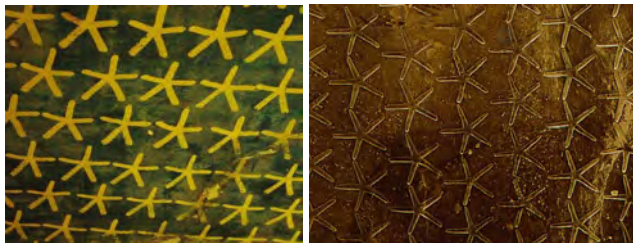


Our team

- ▶ Laboratoire de Physique des Solides, Orsay
 - ▶ Jules Marcone
 - ▶ Wajdi Chaâbani
 - ▶ Claire Goldmann
 - ▶ Marianne Impéror
 - ▶ Cyrille Hamon

(Pre)-history I

Ancient Egypt : 2300 BC (?)



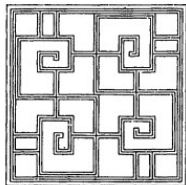
Z. Feisal, [dx.doi.org/10.21608/erjm.2012.67177](https://doi.org/10.21608/erjm.2012.67177)

T. Hales and W. Kusner,

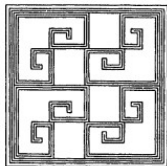
jiggerwit.wordpress.com/2016/09/16/pentagon-packings/

(Pre)-history II

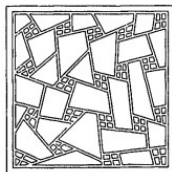
Ancient China : 1000 BC (?) – 1900 AD



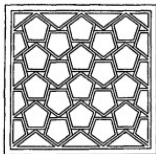
V: S-SCROLL, 286



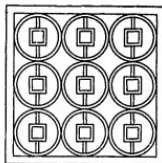
W: U-SCROLL, 292



X: RUSTIC ICE-RAY, 298



Y: SYMMETRY ICE-RAY, 306



Z: SQUARE-ROUND, 318



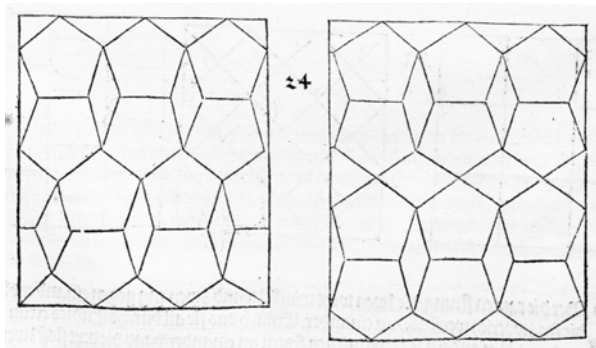
A: SUPPLEMENT, 330

D. S. Dye, *Chinese Lattice Designs*, 2nd ed., Dover Publications (2003).

(Pre)-history III

The Renaissance

Albrecht Dürer (1525)



A Dürer, *Unterweysung der Messung...*, Nürnberg (1525).

Tiling the plane

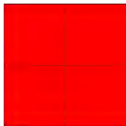
Regular polygons

Pentagons?

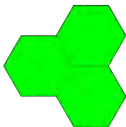
n=3



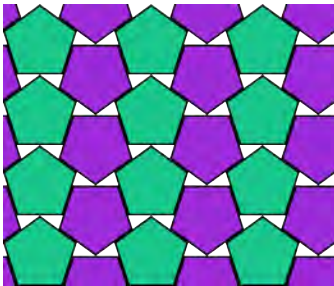
n=4



n=6



$\eta = 1$



Ice ray : $\eta = 0.92131067 \dots$

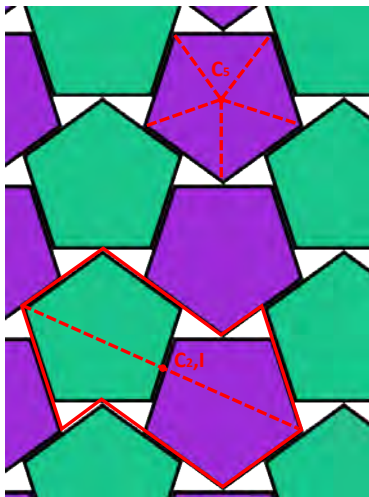
Hales and Kusner, arXiv :1602.07220 (2016).

<https://softqc.wordpress.com/>

[packing-of-hard-regular-pentagons-pentagonal-ice-ray/](#)

© Tom Ruen, © Toby Hudson

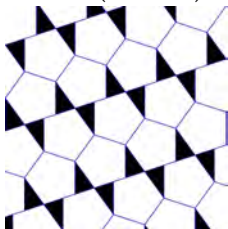
Symmetry



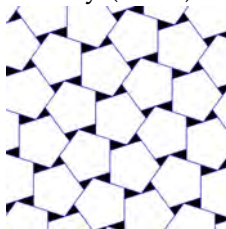
Dürer to ice-ray (and back)

Continuous one-parameter family of double lattices :

Dürer ($u = 0.5$)



Ice-ray ($u = 0$)

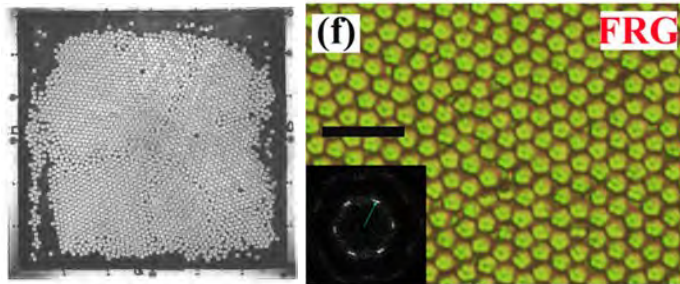


G. Kuperberg and W. Kuperberg, *Discrete Comput. Geom.* **5**, 389 (1990).

Experimental results I

Centimeters

Micrometers



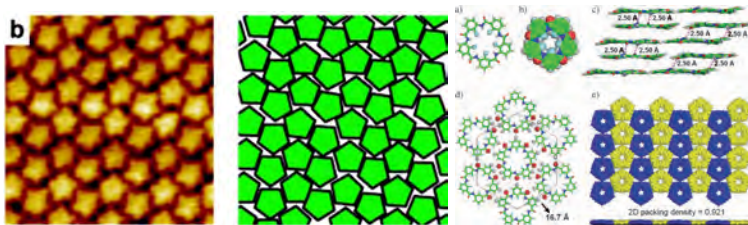
First evidence of the ice-ray structure.

Y. L. Duparcmeur et al., *J. Phys. : Condens. Matter* **7** 3421 (1995).

Zhao and Mason, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **103** 208302 (2009).

Experimental results II

Ångströms



Molecular pentamers on surfaces or in layered stacks

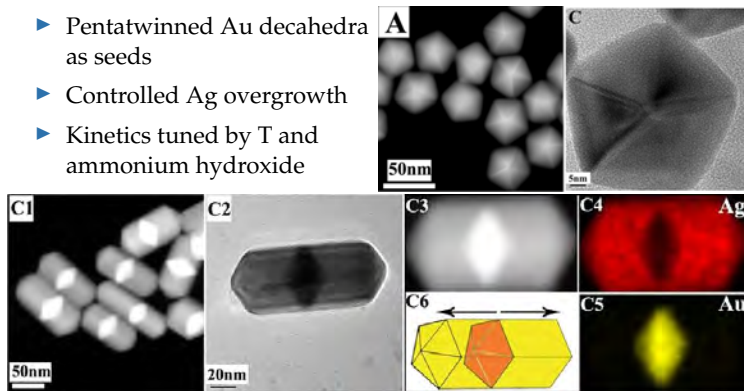
T. Bauert et al., *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.* **131** 3460 (2009).

C. Ren et al., *Angew. Chem.* **50** 10612 (2011).

Building blocks I

Silver nanoprisms

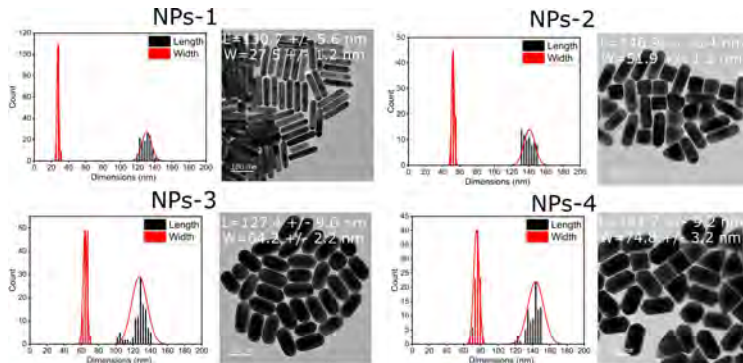
- ▶ Pentatwinned Au decahedra as seeds
- ▶ Controlled Ag overgrowth
- ▶ Kinetics tuned by T and ammonium hydroxide



Y. Yang et al., *Chem. Mater.* **25**, 34 (2013).

Building blocks II

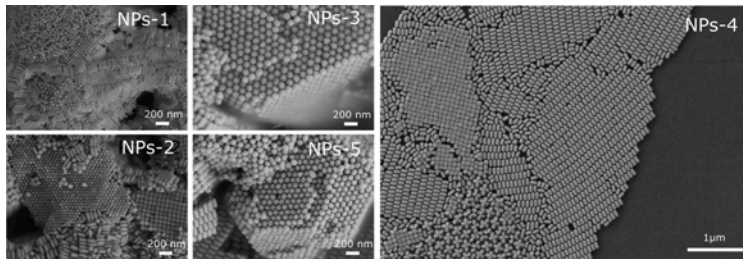
Length : 140 nm, width 30–80 nm



Good size monodispersity, but many isometric by-products

Evaporation-induced self-assembly I

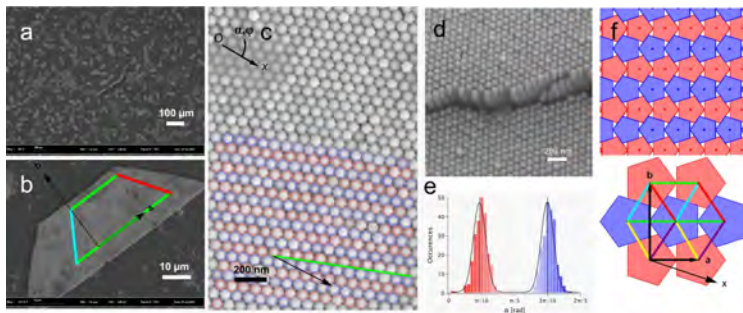
Before shape purification



Disoriented conglomerates of prisms, cubes and tetrahedra, with imperfect shape sorting

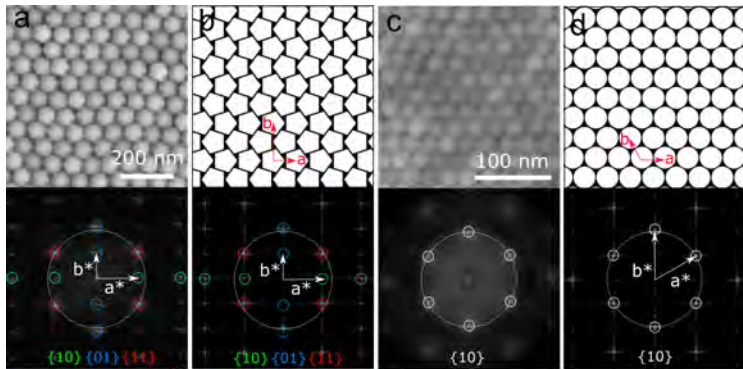
Evaporation-induced self-assembly II

After shape purification



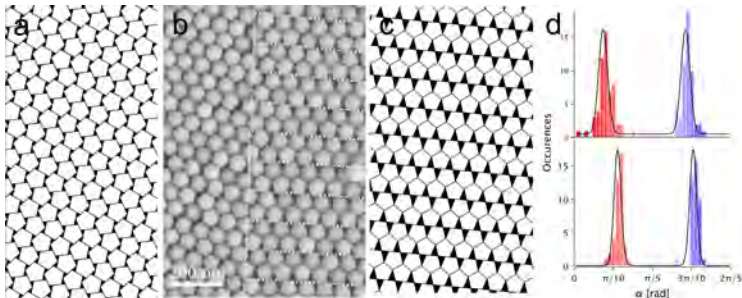
- ▶ Supercrystals of a specific (trapezoidal) shape
- ▶ consisting of layers of standing prisms
- ▶ with **orientational** order

Lattice symmetry



- ▶ **Rectangular** lattice with two particles per unit cell
- ▶ and with long-range **positional** order
- ▶ unlike the hexagonal lattice of monocrystalline nanorods!

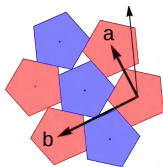
Structure coexistence



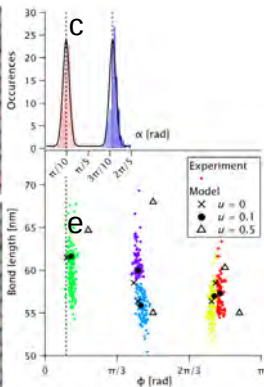
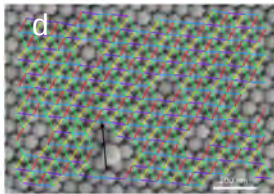
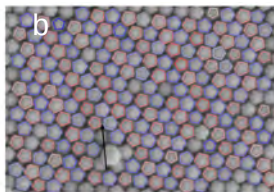
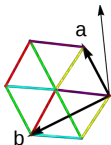
- ▶ The ice-ray and Dürer structures can **coexist**,
- ▶ with minimal lattice deformation!
- ▶ The (denser) ice-ray structure exhibits higher orientational order

Intermediate polymorphs

a

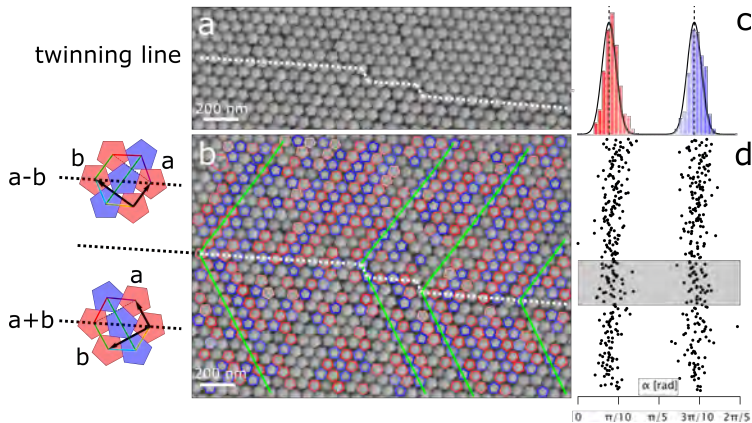

 $u=0.1$

packing fraction = 0.918



- ▶ Relative position shift of neighboring particles,
- ▶ while the orientation is preserved

Domain twinning



- ▶ The position is mirrored across the twinning line,
- ▶ while the orientation is preserved

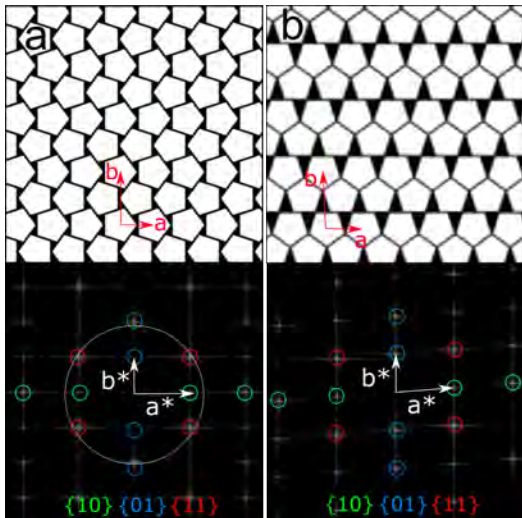
Conclusion

- ▶ Clear evidence for ice-ray, Dürer and intermediate structures
- ▶ Subtle interplay between orientational and positional order
- ▶ Size effect (competition between overall compression and short-scale interaction?)

J. Marcone et al., *Nano Letters* **23**, 1337-1342 (2023).

DOI: [10.1021/acs.nanolett.2c04541](https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.nanolett.2c04541)

Unit cell



Ice-ray (rectangular)

Dürer (oblique)

Particle size and disorder

